



Falcon Overview

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Program Genesis



<u>Program Goal</u>

Develop and Validate, In-flight, Technologies that will Enable a Prompt Global Reach Capability while at the Same Time, Demonstrating Affordable and Responsive Space Lift

FALCON is a joint DARPA/AF technology demonstration program



Program Genesis



Program Components





- MOA Signed June 2003
- DARPA Director
 Tony Tether
- AFSPC Commander Gen. Lance Lord
- USECAF Pete Teets

<u>Near Term (Expendable)</u> Hypersonic Technology Vehicle (HTV) and Small Launch Vehicle (SLV) Far Term (Reusable) Hypersonic Cruise Vehicle (HCV)



SLV Operational System





Small Payloads to LEO

- 1000 lb payload to 28.5°, circular,
 100 nm altitude (baseline orbit for concept comparison)
- Technologies support payload growth options
- Low Recurring Launch Cost (< \$5M)</p>
- >New Launch Operations
 - Reach alert status within 24 hrs
 - Launch within 24 hrs

HCV Operational System





B-52 Size and Weight Class

- Prompt (Time-Sensitive)
- Global Reach from CONUS
- Anti-Access Capability
- Multiple Payloads
- Aircraft-Like Operations
 - Launch on demand
 - Reusable
 - Recallable

HTV, SLV, and HCV Vehicles HTV (Hypersonic Technology Vehicle) Quantify Flight Environments Advanced 1 Piece Carbon-Carbon Aeroshell HTV-1 2200 lb GFE rocket launched in 2007 11.3 ft

HTV-2

2200 lb

13.3 ft

HTV-3

1800 lb

14.2 ft

FaCET

HCV



- Sharp Carbon-Carbon Aeroshell Advanced Multi-Layer Insulation
- Demonstrate SatCom and Talk Through Plasma
- SLV launched in 2008
 - HCV Waverider Aerodynamics, S&C
 - Reusable Airframe Recovered and Flown Again
 - SLV launched in 2008

Falcon Combined-cycle Engine Technology Develop & ground demo prototype TBCC

- - Ground Tests in August 2008

Hypersonic Cruise Vehicle





FALCON Program Schedule





SLV and HTV Demonstrators Will Focus Technology Development





Small Launch Vehicles









Air-launched, containerized, self-pressurizing liquid two-stage rocket with less than 24 hour response for less than \$5M/flight.



AirLaunch Architectural Elements





QuickReach Launch Vehicle









AirLaunch CONOPS









AirLaunch CONOPS Video





C-17 Drop Test Video



Space X – GFE Booster Demonstration Overview



- Responsiveness demonstration of a Falcon I launch vehicle resulting in payload injection to orbit
- A demonstration of firsts: LV system, Launch Site, & Launch Range
- Falconsat-2 payload selected in February 2005; total payload mass 87 lbs (43 lbs plus adapter hardware 44 lbs).





Space X – GFE Booster Omelek Launch Site



- Construction completed in Oct 2005
- Assembly Building
- LOX Tanks
- Helium Tanks
- Office Building
- Storage
- Launch Pad
- Umbilical Tower
- Water Deluge System





Space X – GFE Booster Launch Status





First launch attempt (11/26)
Second launch attempt (12/19)
Third launch attempt (2/9/2006)
Fourth launch attempt (3/20/2006)







SpaceX Static Fire Video 2/12/2006





Hypersonic Cruise Vehicle



HTV-1,2,3 Flight Demos



Continuous improvement in flight performance



FALCON's evolutionary, spiral development flight demonstrator approach reduces technology validation cost and risk



HTV-1 Demonstration System

LOCKHEED MARTI





Nosetip



Aft Cover

HTV-1 uses state-of-the-art materials and components to reduce overall program risk and flight demonstrate today's hypersonic technology capability



HTV-1



IR&D Aeroshell



Antenna Window



Carbon-carbon samples



ESIGI



Encoder



HTV-2 Demonstration System



- Thermal protection
 - Low recession carbon-carbon aeroshell
 - Advanced Multi-Layer Insulation for long duration reentry flight
- Aerodynamic performance
 - Extended range through high L/D
 - Sharp Leading Edge Design
- NG&C performance
 - Significant maneuverability required for terminal impact



• Communications – Maintain up/downlink throughout long-range flight

HTV-2 Demonstrates Enabling Hypersonic Technologies for future Operational Systems



HTV-3 Demonstration System

HTV-3



- Thermal Protection System (TPS)
 - TPS/Structure demonstrate capability for HCV-OS environment
- Aerodynamic performance
 - Shaped to demonstrate L/D aerodynamics, aerothermodynamics and flight control of HCV-OS
- Maximize Reuse

 Multiple flight tests demonstrate system reusability/TPS refurbishment

Built upon HTV-1 and HTV-2 technology basis

 Technology risks managed to maximize gain

HTV-3 Demonstrates Enabling Hypersonic Technologies for future Hypersonic Cruise Vehicle Operational System





FaCET – <u>Fa</u>lcon <u>C</u>ombined-cycle <u>E</u>ngine <u>T</u>echnology:

Mature and integrate technologies for a combined cycle (turbine + scramjet) engine using a new inward turning inlet.







HCV Vision Video